Fair; Warmer.

# MONARCH GROCERY CO

(INCORPORATED.)

#### 84 East Washington St., Bet. Penn. and Del. Sts.

Get ready for Sunday. Here are a few of our many bargains:

Best Rolled Oats, 2-lb package... 10c Large Pail Jelley, any kind..... 42c Best Roller Process Flour, noth-Fine Table Syrup, in your own pure Cider Vinegar-very strong, splendid article -per gal...... Elegant California Raisins.....

English Currants..... 3c Evaporated Apples, Pears, Peaches, Plums, etc.; any grade you want at low-est prices ever before heard of.

Good Wisconsin Cranberries, per quart..... California Hams, per pound..... tatoes, per bushel..... 65e

The finest Teas and Coffees in the city at half the price others charge. Fine Gunpowder Tea 25c. Splendid Crushed Java Coffee 16c per pound.

Warmer weather again and we will serve the best Ice-cream Soda

in the city to-day at only 4c per glass. French Hand-made Candies, all kinds, 20c. worth 40c. Good Mixed Candies, worth 20c, for 10c per pound.

## MONARCH GROCERY COMPANY

CLEVELAND, BUFFALO, ALBANY, NEW YORK And BOSTON.

Without change of cars. The celebrated SOUTHWESTERN LIM-ITED leaves Indianapolis at 3:15 p. m. daily. The popular NEW YORK AND NEW ENGLAND EXPRESS leaves Indianapolis at 4:00 a. m. daily. CLEVELAND MAIL AND EXPRESS leaves Indianapolis For tickets and sleeping-car reservations call at Big Four Offices, No. 1 East Washington street, 36 Jackson Place and Union Station. H. M. BRONSON, A. G. P. A.

THE C., H. & D. R. R. Is the most delightful route between INDIANAPOLIS and CINCINNATI. Persons visiting the city on the Chio. and other points reached by this line will find it greatly to their pleasure to take this SUPERB ROUTE.

# MONON ROUTE

## (Louisville, New Albany & Chicago Ry. Co.)

The Vestibuled Pullman Car Line LEAVE INDIANAPOLIS.

No. 30-Chicago Limited, Pullman Vestibuled Coaches, Parlor and 

daily except Sunday ...... 3:30 p. m.

ARRIVE AT INDIANAPOLIS. No. 33—Vestibule, daily........ 2:55 p. m. No. 35—Vestibule, daily....... 3:25 a. m. No. 9—Monon Accommodation, be taken at 8:30 p. m. daily. For further information call at Union Ticket Office, corner Illinois street and Kentucky avenue, and Union Station, and Massachusetts avenue.

# WAGON WHEAT 54c

I. D. BALDWIN, D. P. A.

ACME MILLING COMPANY, 352 West Washington street.

AVALANCHES OF SNOW

Sweep Down the Coeur D'Alene Moun-. tains and Bury Three Families.

SPOKANE, Wash., March 30 .- As a result of two snowslides on Canyon creek, in the Coeur d'Alene mountains, yesterday three families, consisting of twelve or fourteen persons, are mangled and bruised beneath thousands of tons of snow and any possibility of any of them being rescued alive is out of the question. Snow had accumulated on the mountains to a depth of fully sixty feet, and the late rains caused the huge mass to move at several places. Yesterday a section of snow three hundred feet in length near the Black Bear mine became detached and started down the steep mountain side at a terrific pace, and before the inhabitants of the canyon in the path of the slide could flee the mighty avalanche was upon them. Trees I winds becoming northwest. were torn up by the roots, bowlders carried along with great force, the whole shaking the earth as if an earthquake had occurred. Two families whose names could not be learned, together with their homes, were caught and carried along with the slide and buried out of sight at the bottom of the canyon. Others unaccounted for are also believed to have been killed. Soon after the first slide took place another occurred further up the canyon near Burke, and here further fatalities occurred. A family named Chilson, consisting of father, mother and three children, heard the avalanche coming. Picking up the children, the frantic parents attempted to flee to a place of safety, but before they had gone fifty yards they were overtaken by the re-

sistless mass of snow and crushed to death. Attempt to Wreek a C., H. & D. Train. OXFORD, O., March 30 .- An attempt was made Thursday night to wreck the St. Louis express on the Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton road, which leaves Cincinnati at 7:15 and is due here at 8:28. A through freight, which passed here at 7:45, running ten miles an hour, was almost derailed by an obstruction on the high bridge south of this place. The extra heavy engine and its great speed prevented a terrible wreck, and also saved the express, which the wreckers were after, and which carried a large amount of money, as well as a large number of passengers. The bridge is one hun-

dred feet high. Sutherland in Canada.

MONTREAL, March 30 .- Kennet H. F Sutherland, the fugitive ex-justice of Gravesend, who fled to escape one year's imprisonment, is in this city. He says he went from New York to Buffalo and thence to Canada. Sutherland seems to feel that he has been betrayed, and it would not be at all surprising if he were to tell all he knows. His utterances might be looked upon in the pature of an indirect threat to his old "straightened" for him in Brooklyn.

# Here a Little And There a Little

Saved, is the way the foundation for future wealth is com-

Fast Black Seamless Half Hose, 20 cent quality,

You save money on every purchase made at

2 Pairs for 25c.

Men's Pearl Tourist Hats, with black bands. \$2 quality for \$1.24 \$3 quality for \$1.96 Men's and Youth's Spring and Medium-weight Overcoats, \$15, \$16, \$18, \$20, \$22 Garments, for

\$12.85

Children's \$1.25 and \$1.50 Knee Pants, Medium and Fall Weights, at

98 cents.

# THE WHEN

# POPULAR SPRING DRESS FABRICS

Arnold's SHANTONG PONGEE. Arnold's CREPE MOIRE.

Arnold's SCONE BATISTE. TELA VELA PRINTED DUCKS 40-inch Grecian PRINTED LAWNS. PRINTED YARN CHAMBRAYS. SIMPSON CANTON CLOTH.

ACCIDENT AT PEORIA

A Stand-Pipe Containing 1,500,-

000 Gallons of Water Collapses,

Crushes One Boy to Death, Fatally In-

jures Three More and Wounds

and Bruises Others.

PEORIA, Ill., March 30 .- Shortly after 13

o'clock this morning the citizens of Peoria

were startled by a dull roar that came

from the direction of the West Bluff. In a

few minutes a fire alarm had been turned

in. Shortly after the patrol wagon and

ambulances were dashing up the street to

the corner of Bourland and College ave-

nue. This is the spot where the great

standpipe of the Peoria Water Company

was located. When within two blocks of

the place all were obliged to stop. Great

volumes of water were rushing through the

streets, houses were floating away, fences

were demolished and four feet of water was

rapidly spreading over the vicinity and

flooding the sewers of the city. All was con-

fusion and terror. Investigation showed

the massive standpipe, 129 feet in height,

and twenty-five feet in diameter.

had collapsed. No warning was given to

the people in the vicinity, but with a few

sharp cracks and a dull roar 1,500,000 gal-

lons of water were precipitated to the

ground. Several workmen were engaged

on the tower at the time it fell, and how

they escaped instant death is marvelous. The

pipe stood in a vacant lot used by children as

a playground. One of them, Frank Hogan,

was caught between the mass of steel and

literally crushed into the earth. Others

The great pipe lies crushed like an egg-

shell across the vacant lot and into the

street. Five or six houses across the street

were swept from their foundations and car-

ried many feet. One large house is in ruins.

The property loss will not be less than

\$30,000, and besides the death of the one

lad mentioned three others of the injured

will die. A list of the casualties follows:

falling tower and instantly killed. FRANK CALDWELL, frightfully in-

FRANK HOGAN, caught beneath the

W. D. NORRIS, terrible gash in temple;

WILLIAM KENNEDY, badly crushed

Rollo King, Charles Littlefield, Howard

Anderson, Clyde Howell, Charles Needham,

Frank Caddon, John Huber, Alfred Gross,

Hazel Isom, Mrs. J. B. Trapp, Mrs. Wil-

jured, but not seriously.

of forty days.

April 2.

liam McGrath and Bertha Norman were in-

SAGE MUST PAY \$25,000.

Laidlaw Awarded Half the Amount He

Demanded from the Broker.

case of Laidlaw vs. Sage, in which Russell

Sage was sued for damages sustained by

Laidlaw on the occasion of the throwing of

in Sage's office, to-day returned a verdict of \$25,000 for the plaintiff. The court denied

a motion for a new trial, but granted a stay

Duluth's Proposed Canal.

DULUTH, Minn., March 30 .- The Minne-

ota Canal Company, which proposes to

furnish to Duluth 200,000 horse power for

the operation of mills and factories by the

construction of a canal from a point on

the St. Louis river twelve miles above

Cloquet to the city, a distance of thirty-

three miles, is about ready to begin oper-

ations. W. E. Darwin, a wealthy con-

tractor, who has done much work on the

Mesaba range, is also to become interested

in the enterprise, and will act as superin-

tendent of construction. He will be ready

to let contracts by May 1. The work will

require two years, and will cost \$3,000,000.

Scenery of Corbett's Play Seized.

CINCINNATI, O., March 30 .- The scenery

of the James Corbett "Gentleman Jack"

Company was seized at the Walnut-street

Theater, to-day, upon a writ of attachment

issued at the instance of Manager Ilg. of

the Sandusky New York Opera House, who

claims that Manager Brady violated a con-

tract for a one-night performance. He puts

his damages at \$200. The scenery was re-

leased on bond, and the hearing set for

Henry of Navarre Injured.

ing a fast trial over the Kentucky Asso-

ciation track here, to-day, Henry of Na-

varre, Byron McClelland's great three-year-

old, injured his left shoulder. He pulled up

so lame he could hardly walk. He is in

the Brooklyn handicap and six other valu-

able Eastern events. He was being pre-

pared for the Cumberland prize at Nash-

Lieutenant Lyman Arraigned.

NEW YORK, March 30.-Lieutenant Ly-

nan, navigator of the Kearsarge, was to-

lay arraigned before the same court that

has just finished the trial of Commander

Heyerman. Lyman's counsel objected to

being tried by this court, but his formal

challenge was overruled, and the court will

Reed Will Speak.

PITTSBURG, March 30.-The Grant ban-

just of the American Republican Club at

the Monongahela House on April 27 will

probably surpass any similar gathering

held in the city. The speakers of the even-ing will be Hon. Thomas B. Reed, of Maine;

Hon. W. B. Allison, of Iowa, and Hon. J. C. Burrows, of Michigan.

proceed with the case to-morrow morning.

ville, but his racing career is in doubt.

LEXINGTON, Ky., March 30.-While work-

a dynamite bomb by the crank Norcross

SIMPSON SUPERFINE PRINTED BROCADE CHAMBRAY. We are in daily receipt of the newest printings in above, and other desirable Wash Goods.

Stocks complete in all departments. Lowest prices always a certainty. MURPHY, HIBBEN & CO.,

(Wholesale Exclusively,) DRY GOODS, NOTIONS, WOOLENS, ETC. 93, 95, 97 & 99 South Meridian St.

G. A. VAN PELT-17TH YEAR. Any one claiming to be my successor is a FRAUD Fine Flour and Food Cereals, 121 NORTH DELAWARE ST. TEL. 396.

## M. M. CUMMINGS.

Wheat Flours, Medicated Foods and Corn Meal Rolled Oats, Rolled Wheat, Hominy, Canned Goods, All goods in my store are new and fresh. No old goods that can be cut on. For sale at 62 North Del-aware street. Call Telephone 703, new book.

Ask your Grocer PREPARING FOR WAR

Governor Waite Orders a Militia Gompany to Be Recruited,

It Is Said, for the Purpose of Ousting the Old Police Board of Denver-The Supreme Court Acts Again.

DENVER, Col., March 30 .- It leaked out here to-night that Governor Waite is preparing to call out the troops again to enforce his order removing Police Commissioners Orr and Martin. The following special dispatch from Lake City received

by the Republican tells the story: "W. H. Whinney, captain of Company A, C. N. G., received telegraph orders at 4 o'clock this afternoon to place ten men under one officer at the armory to prevent seizure. Late this evening orders were received by Captain Whinney to recruit his company to eighty-four men for three months' service. The orders both came from Colonel McCoy, of Pueblo."

The controversy between the old and the

new police boards is again in the Supreme Court. To-day Judge Glynn, of the District Court, notified Judge Allen, a coordinate judge, that he had dissolved the latter's injunction restraining the new board from interfering with the action of the old members. M. F. Taylor, attorney for the old board, immediately obtained from the Circuit Court a writ of prohibition restraining Glynn from taking any further action in the matter whatever. This writ makes the Glynn injunction against the old board inoperative and also makes his action in dismissing Judge Allen's injunction void. The latter injunction is still in force, and had Judge Glynn punished any violation of his injunction, as was expected, such action would have been made void by the writ of prohibition. The writ will remain in force until argument is heard, and even this may not cause it to be quashed. Any move against the writ will have to come from Judge Glynn. He will probably ask to have it dissolved and then a day will be set for argument. It is said, however, that he may ignore it, and should he do so the worst sort of a legal complication will be established

Mayor Vanhorn proposes to cause the arrest of all parties implicated in the storing of dynamite in the City Hall. They are

#### liable to fines aggregating \$2,200. WEATHER FORECAST.

Fair and Warmer in Indiana, with South Winds.

WASHINGTON, March 30 .- For Ohio and Indiana-Fair; warmer; south winds. For Illinois-Generally fair; slightly warmer; probably colder Sunday morning;

Local Observations. INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., March 30.

Time. Bar Ther. R. H. Wind. Weather. | Fre. 7A. M. 30,26 32 74 South. Pt.cloudy 0.00 7 P. M. 30,02 47 50 South, Clear. 0.00 Maximum temperature, 53; minimum temperature, 27. The following is a comparative statement of the temperature and precipitation. March 30, 1894:

Normal.... Mean.... Departure from normal Excess or deficiency since Mar. 1 \*228 -1.03Excess or deficiency since Jan 1 -1.30C. F. R. WAPPENHANS, Local Forecast Official, United States Weather

Long Lost Ship Revictualed.

SEATTLE, Wash., March 30.-Tidings of the British ship Somali, long overdue at San Francisco, and thought to be lost, were received here last evening. The Somali was spoken by the Kennebec on March 27 a little north of San Francisco and only a short distance from the coast She was entirely out of provisions, the crew having lived since Christmas on rice and tea taken from the cargo. The Somali sailed from Hong Kong last November. She battled with northeasters until the captain finally gave it up and went clear around Australia. Captain Sawyer, of the Kennebec, supplied her with ten days' rations, which were thankfully received. Three rousing cheers were given the Kennebec as the vessels parted com-

Colored Man Shot to Death. MONTGOMERY, Ala., March 30.-Oliver Jackson, colored, one of the Grant murderers, while en route to Montgomery, last night, was taken by a dozen masked men ditical friends in case matters are not from two deputies, at the muzzle of pistols, and shot to death.

The Speaker Again Rules the House with an Iron Hand.

He Refuses to Entertain Motions of Republicans and Orders Mr. Reed to Take His Seat.

A SENATORSHIP DECLINED

Mr. Crisp Says His Duty Impels Him to Stay in the House.

Many Members Have United in Requesting Him to Continue as Speaker-Amending the Tariff Bill.

WASHINGTON, March 30 .- When Speaker Crisp ascended the rostrum to-day he was given a rousing reception from the members on both sides of the House, the demonstration lasting fully a minute. The battle of yesterday evening was promptly renewed by Mr. Reed on a challenge of a correctness of the journal in failing to show Mr. Paine's point of order on the question of but one teller acting. On a rising vote the journal was approved, and, on a call of yeas and nays, the previous question was ordered, and debate limited to fifteen minutes on either side.

After a speech by Mr. Reed regarding the Speaker's ruling yesterday, Mr. Reed's motion to amend the journal was voted down. The vote on approving the journal showed a quorum voting. Mr. Reed's motion to adjourn was decided out of order and the Speaker declined to entertain an appeal and again refused to state the ground of refusal, holding that no member has a right to inquire the grounds of a decision any more than a lawyer has to demand the same thing of a judge on the bench.

"That looks very much like tyranny," remarked Mr. Reed sarcastically. The next episode was the overruling of Mr. Boutelle's point of order that the President's message vetoing the seigniorage bill could not be read, the House having made the contested election cases the special order. Again the Speaker refused to entertain an appeal. The veto message was then read. Mr. Bland gave notice that next Tuesday, he would move to pass the bill over the veto.

During the roll call on Mr. Burrows's motion to reconsider the vote by which the House had declared Mr. Joy not entitled to his seat, Mr. Reed, standing near the clerk's desk, said he would like to be per-mitted to see the roll call taken. This was resented by the Speaker, who sharply ordered Mr. Reed to take his seat and directed the Sergeant-at-arms to enforce order, as Mr. Reed did not move fast enough to suit. "This is entirely unnecessary," said Mr Reed looking the Speaker in the eye. "Is it not?" replied the Speaker. "Instead of taking your seat you respond "Certainly I do, because the Chair has attacked me," said Mr. Reed, now thor-There seemed to be an element of personal hostility in the remarks between the two House leaders. Later on the Speaker pro-tested that he had not understood Mr. Reed to prefer a request for permission to stand by the clerk's desk, and with this semiapologetic explanation the incident closed. The roll call now disclosed the lack of a quorum and the House took a recess until

#### CRISP DECLINES. He Prefers the Speakership to a Seat

in the Senate. WASHINGTON, March 30.-Speaker Crisp this evening notified Governor Northen by telegraph of his declination of the appointment of United States Senator for the unexpired term of the late Senator Colquitt. In his telegram Speaker Crisp says a very large majority of the Democratic members of the House have united in a request that he continue as Speaker for the remainder of the session, and although deeply grateful to the Governor, and although sacrificing a cherished ambition, a sense of duty impels him to decline the appointment.

## TARIFF BILL CHANGES.

Amendments Will Be Made at the In-

stance of Importers. WASHINGTON, March 30 .- The tariff subcommittee of the Senate finance committee was in session for about four hours to-day. The committee considered various changes in the bill suggested as necessary. Since the bill was submitted to the Senate and made public, persons whose interests are affected by the bill have taken exceptions to some of the provisions and have attempted to show that the wording in some instances is not what the committee intended, and have, in some cases, succeeded in getting the ears of the members of the committee to the extent of prevailing upon them to consider the suggestions NEW YORK, March 30 .- The jury in the made. An instance of this kind occurred yesterday, when the Democratic members were visited by a delegation of New York importers, who complained that some of the administrative features of the bill as reported by the committee will work a hardship, and asked that alterations be made. These matters, as have others, have been under consideration by the subcommittee, which is using every endeavor to get into shape any amendments it may want to offer before the bill is taken up in the Senate.

The committee decided upon several amendments to-day which it will propose on Monday, one of which is of considerable importance to importers. It is proposed by this amendment to restore the portion of the administrative part of the present law regarding undervaluations. The law now gives a margin of 10 per cent. under the valuations of appraisers without requiring a penalty for any undervaluation. Another amendment to the administrative part of the bill restores the provision of the House bill as to hearings before the board of appraisers, which was struck out by the Senate committee. The committee also agreed that the bill be so amended as to put bananas, pineapples and canned shellfish, together with the cans, on the free list.

Protest from Millers. ST. LOUIS, March 30 .- A protest has been prepared here reciting the increased trade with Spanish and other islands secured by the West and South under the reciprocity treaties authorized by the McKinley tariff, and in view of this condition appeals to the Senate to eliminate from the tariff bill

every miller here and a large majority of the other houses interested in such trade. IT DEPENDS ON BRITAIN. Gossip About the Need of a Bering

Sea Modus Vivendi.

now pending the clauses repealing uncon-

ditionally such treaties and laws relating

to them. The protest has been signed by

WASHINGTON, March 30 .- Whether or not there shall be a modus vivendi for the regulation of the seal fisheries this season will depend in a large measure upon the scope of the bill introduced in the British Parliament yesterday, and which will be made public to-day. If this bill goes far enough in the line carrying out the results of the arbitration to insure an adequate protection to the seals and the punishment of the offenders against the law. there will be no need of a modus, and all will be well. If it does not, the British government will be requested to unite with us in another agreement or modus until a permanent and satisfactory understanding

has been reached and has taken the shape

of statutory law in both countries. This

agreement would establish a closed zone north of the forty-second parallel. Author-ity to place the limit that far south and no further without parliamentary action is already possessed by the British imperial authorities. This limitation would fill all needs for the present season, as the seal herds have already passed north of the forty-second parallel, which runs to the northern boundary of California. It has been stated that the penalities prescribed in the British bill for violations of law are much less severe than those provided in the bill now pending in Congress. If this should be so, then our own bill will be modified to correspond, for there is no disposition to treat Americans more severely than British subjects for like offenses. But, whether by law or modus vivendi, the punishments will be applied to offenders, for this government has determined that as it lost the main contention in the arbitration of Paris it will maintain the few privileges which that tribunal did accord to it.

#### RAINMAKNG EXPERIMENTS.

Secretary Morton Gives the Cloud-Bombarders No Encouragement. WASHINGTON, March 30 .- Secretary Morton has received a large number of inquiries from all parts of the country as to the results of the department's rainfall experiments and the feasibility of controlling precipitation by means of explosions. The following circular is being sent by the department to all inquirers:

"Replying to your letter as to rainmaking experiments, I have to inform you that in no case did they pass the merely experimental stage and that the prospect of ultimate success is not such as to justify farmers or other citizens in rain-making experimentation. In this determination, judgment and opinion I am sup-ported by the scientists and other alleged experts in meteorology connected with the United States Weather Bureau. The bombardment of the skies for water, as carried on by this department, did not produce results calculated to inspire the hope that any method of concussion can be made commercially successful in precipitating the meisture from the clouds."

#### Warden Leonard's Appointments.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. WASHINGTON, March 30 .- Capt. John R. Leonard to-day assumed the wardenship of the District jail, to which office he was recently appointed by the Supreme Bench of the District. No formalities attended the transfer. The new warden spent two hours at the jail, and after familiarizing himself with the working details, rules and regulations, drove back to the marshal's office to wind up his affairs there as deputy to marshal Wilson. Before leaving the Warden Leonard announced following appointments of prison officials: Harry C. Leonard clerk, the appointment to take effect April 15; Edward Randsell captain of the watch; James W. McCaffrey, captain of the watch; William Crocker, guard; Lewis Pierce, guard; Mrs. Alice Bennett, matron. The incoming clerk of the jail is the only son of Warden Leon-ard, and Messrs. Ransdell and Pierce are at present bailiffs under Marshal Wilson. The nfarshal stated to-day that they were most capable men, and that he parted with them with reluctance and regret. Mr. McCaffrey was, until recently, a deputy marshal at the Police Court.

Warden Leonard gave bond for \$5,000, with
Louis D. Wine, Ralph L. Gall, W. D. Reedy
and Charles Fickling as sureties. Edward A. Ransdell is a brother of ex-Marshal

Chickamauga Battlefield Monuments. WASHINGTON, March 30 .- Capt. J. C. McElroy, of the Ohio Chickamauga commission, has submitted to the National Military Park Commission, for the approval of the Secretary of War, designs for fifty-five monuments to the regiments and batteries of that State upon the field of Chickamauga. These have been approved by Assistant Secretary Doe. The designs are the result of active competition on the part of the most noted workers in granite and bronze, and, as a result, some of the best effects yet produced in military monuments have been reached. The average cost of the monuments will be \$1,500, exclusive of foundations. The contract will call for their erection on the field before Sept. 19 next. The State of Minnesota will have its five monuments-one of which is to cost \$6,000-in position at the same time. Twenty-one State commissions are now co-operating with the national commission in locating their fighting positions throughout the national park for the five days of battle within its limits.

#### Mr. Cleveland Congratulated. WASHINGTON, March 30 .- Many tele-

grams from business men in various parts of the country, congratulating the President upon his veto of the seigniorage bill have been received at the White House. These include messages from Rochester, Jacksonville, Palm Beach, Richmond, Atlanta, Ga., Port Royal, Va., Philadelphia, New York, York, Pa., Buffalo, Chicago, LONDON, March 30 .- The afternoon papers in this city are unanimous in applauding President Cleveland's veto of the Bland bill. The Globe says President Cleveland, the American strong man, has a backbone which the wire pullers connot

### The Trouble at Bluefields.

WASHINGTON, March 30. - Notwithstanding the report from Colon of pending trouble at Bluefields, the State Department officials do not apprehend any danger to American residents or property there, and the presence of the British war ship Canada, it is believed, will assure peace for the time being. The San Francisco, with Admiral Benham on board, is expected to reach Bluefields about the middle of next Once on the scene Admiral Benham probably will communicate with Minister Baker, and, in conjunction with him, give attention to the protection of our citizens at Bluefields.

### General Notes.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. WASHINGTON, March 30 .- Conrad Hittle was to-day appointed postmaster at Hamburg, Franklin county, vice F. C. Noble, deceased.

The President has approved the act to regulate the making of property returns by officers of the government, the act repealing Section 311, Revised Statutes, and the act for a charter for the Iowa and Nebraska Pontoon Bridge Company. Acting Secretary of War Doe has formally decided that a deserter's release is in no sense a discharge from the army, nor

does it in any way remove the charge of Wilson McGinnis, of Indianapolis, who was appointed an internal revenue agent last week, arrived here to qualify and receive instructions. He will be assigned to duty at St. Louis at a salary of \$8 per

Samuel Pickens, of counsel for the Pennsylvania Railroad Company in the railroad tax cases, left for New York to-day. Mrs. Pickens returned home Attorney-general Smith and William A. Ketcham left for home this afternoon. Attorney Newberger, of Indianapolis, was

trial to-day. The Chicago lake-front case was argued before the United States Supreme Court today. B. F. Ayer appeared for the Illinois Central and ex-Corporation Counsel Miller closed for Chicago. A delegation of letter carriers appeared before the House postoffice committee today in advocacy of the bill providing for a salary of \$1,200 in cities where the postal

one of the spectators at the Breckinridge

#### Hamilton's Silver Legion. DENVER, Col., March 30.-Commander Bert Hamilton has succeeded in mustering about three hundred men, instead of his one thousand, in his "silver legion." They will leave Denver for Washington to-night or to-morrow if they can capture a couple

of box cars in a freight train. "Katensin"

is their password. Hamilton was arrested

to-night on the charge of stealing a suit

such marriage license was issued in the

month of February. At the health office,

to which marriages are reported, it was

revenues exceed \$500,000.

of clothes. He says the trial was trumped up to prevent his army from leaving town. Not Married in Washington. WASHINGTON, March 30 .- There is no evidence here to support the published report that Howard Gould and Odette Tyler had been married in Washington the last week of February. The books of the marriage license clerk's office show that no

#### stated that no such marriage had been re-Triple Hanging. PARIS, Tex., March 30.-The execution of anning Davis, white Edward Gonzales, Mexican, and Jim Upkins, colored, took

place at 11:50 o'clock this morning. Indiana Deaths. MONTPELIER, Ind., March 30.-Capt. C. B. Shadle died at the residence of William | from here. The loss is estimated at \$200,000. | that he did not know she charged his

Ridder, in this city, last evening, of blood poisoning from a wound received in the poisoning from a wound received in the knee some two weeks ago, while working on a building. Captain Shadle was born at Lebanon, Pa., in 1827. He was a private in Company I, Thirty-fourth Indiana Volunteers, being promoted to captain two years later, and was honorably discharged at the close of the war, having served four years and five months. His funeral was held this afternoon under the auspices of the G. A. R.

#### IN THE ROGUES' GALLERY.

Corbett's Measurements to Be Preserved by the Police of Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, O., March 30.-Pugilist Corbett was notified to-day of a state of affairs he did not like. Yesterday he visited police headquarters and detective Crawford took his measurements by the Bertillon system, the measurements being as careful and thorough as those of any criminal. To-day Chief of Police Deitsch ordered Corbett's measurements placed on record in the rogues' gallery, along with thieves, cut-throats and murderers. This was in accordance with a rule of the police department, which compels all Bertillon measurements to go on record. Corbett entered a protest, but it did no good.

### CALDWELL SURPRISED

The Judge Takes a Hand in the Union Pacific Wage Dispute.

He Asks Why the Court Is Asked to Do Something the Managers Did Not Dare to Put in Effect.

OMAHA, Neb., March 30 .- In the hearing of the Union Pacific wage schedule case, to-day, Master Mechanic McConnell testified that the rules proposed by the receivers were equitable, and they should have been adopted long ago.

"Why were they not adopted long ago?" interrupted Judge Caldwell. "Because we would have had trouble all

along the line," replied Mr. McConnell. "Do you mean to say that you come before this court asking it to do something that the managers have never dared to do?" asked Judge Caldwell. "Do you know the occupation of the receivers of this

Mr. McConnell said that he did not, except as to Messrs. Clark and Mink. Judge Caldwell then addressed Receiver Doane, and asked what his business was. "I am a merchant in Chicago," replied Mr. Doane.

"You don't know much about railroading, do you?" asked the Judge. Mr. Doane admitted his knowledge was limited, and the Judge continued:

"There's Anderson. He is a lawyer in New York. I don't suppose he knows as much about a railroad as I do. I don't see why these receivers should come into this court and ask changes in rules that they don't know anything about, when it is conceded that the practical men who have managed the road did not dare to make After the recess General Manager Dickinson was put on the stand and subjected to a long and searching examination. The reduction in wages, he said, was made be

cause the earnings of the road had fallen off greatly during the year. When the monthly-salary men were reduced in August the company had invited all the employes to confer on the matter. Later the enginemen and trainmen sent replies that they would not agree to a reduction in pay. When the cut was made in the form of an order from the court it was considered the men had sufficient notice. Judge Caldwell pressed Mr. Dickinson on this point, and he admitted that sufficient notice had not been given. It was the intention to make a reduction in wages anyhow, although the receivership matter intervened and for a time delayed the intended scaling down. Oliver W. Mink, controller, and one of the receivers, followed Mr. Dickinson on the stand. His testimony was regarding the financial condition of the road. He said the Union Pacific had not paid a dividend in ten years. There had been a de-crease, he said, of \$3,000,000 in the net earnings of 1893 from those of 1892, and gave a comparative statement of the earnings for the two years. Judge Caldwell inquired concerning Gov Pattison's report, which showed the bonds

of the company were secured on mortgage covering property not worth 2 cents on the Mr. Mink said Pattison had been misled The court read the Pattison report, which showed that of the \$109,000,000 of debt covering the systems \$73,000,000 was profit. Pattison's confrees in the investigation, which placed the profit at \$43,005,000, was nearer correct. The court said he would rather the government lost every it had invested than that the men thould suffer. He would see that employes the road were properly compensated and that there wages would not be cut to admit of payment of dividends. President Clark followed. He was on the stand but a few minutes, his health being so feeble that he could not stand the strain. His examination threw but little light on At the conclusion the court peremptorily ordered that Mr. Clark take a vacation of

#### Judge Caldwell. When court adjourned it was the impression the hearing would be concluded to-morrow.

suicide in the service of the court," said

several months.

"You shall not commit

Forbidden to Strike. CHICAGO, March 30 .- Employes of the transportation department of the Chicago & Eastern Illinois railway have been forbidden to strike. When P. M. Arthur and Frank P. Sargent, chiefs, respectively, of the Brotherhoods of Locomotive Engineers and Firemen, submitted the compromise they had been able to effect with M. A. Carpenter, president of the road, they ac companied the submission with this statement: "You've got to accept this or worse will be in store for you. We have done what we could and we shall not order a strike." The original order was for a tenper-cent, reduction in wages, and, although the men received some concessions, the cut practically remains in force. The men, particularly the engineers, are not at pleased with the outcome of the trouble.

Riot and Bloodshed Possible. PITTSBURG, Pa., March 30.-There is great excitement throughout the Connellsville coke region over the proposed strike next Monday for twelve-and-a-half-percent, advance over the present scale of wages. The operators are determined to resist the demands, and are closing down their works pending the settlement of the strike A Uniontown dispatch says: "Much depends upon the Frick employes, who

forced out or their resistance will in a large measure cripple the strike. Blood-shed and riot seem inevitable, and the authorities are alarmed. Judge Long for G. A. R. Commander, PITTSBURG, Pa., March 30.-A G. A. R.

say they will stick to their agreement and

not come out. If so, they will either be

delegation, representing the State of Michigan, arrived here to-day to secure quarters for the State department during the annual encampment in this city next fall. lelegation also arranged for headquarters for Judge Charles D. Long, who is a candidate for commander-in-chief of the Grand

### Pate's Stock Farm Sold.

ST. LOUIS, March 30 .- An echo of the failure of American racing in Mexico came to-day in the sale under a deed of trust of the Robert Pate stock farm and homestead, with sixty acres of well-kept land and all improvements, bringing \$40,000. Mr. William S. Griswold was the purchaser.

#### Corbett May Fight in London. NEW YORK, March 30 .- A London dispatch says: Corbett will fight under the auspices of the National Sporting Club, provided Jackson is willing and the purse is satisfactory. It is understood the light

will not take place before September or Oc-Illinois Town Partly Burned. QUINCY, Ill., March 30 .- Fire to-day de stroyed over fifty buildings, embracing al-

most the entire business portion of the city

Breckinridge Tells More About His Relations with Madeline.

He Relates the Incidents of Nearly Ten Years of Intrigue with the Woman Who Is Sning Him for Damages.

SHE DRINKS IN EACH WORD

Once Loses Control and Asks Why He Cannot Tell the Truth,

But Is Warned by the Judge to Be Quiet or Leave the Court Room-The Defendant's Narrative in Detail.

WASHINGTON, March 30 .- Chapter II of the story of Colonel Brackinridge was told to-day. It consumed the whole session of the court, and still the narrative remains incomplete. From the second meeting at the Lexington house kept by Sarah Guess in 1884, down to the late spring of 1893, the recital wound its way along a path stormy with pistols, illegitimate children, clandestine interviews and secret marriage; more of intrigue than one would suppose could be contained in the life of such a mildlooking elderly man as the one who leaned over the witness box and told it all in a matter of fact way, occasionally dropping into a jest. Before him sat the woman who is willing to emulate Samson by dragging him down, herself with the temple; and she was the only disturbing factor in the scene. She persisted in becoming agitated, and once she made an outery, demanding to know why the defendant could not tell the truth, but Judge Bradley warned her firmly, but kindly, that sha must exercise control or leave the room. There is a wealth of detail in the defendant's story; he binds it about him with many extraneous matters and throws an atmosphere of high life over it, weaving in with his meeting with Miss Pollard allusions to the many political events in which he has taken part, the schools he has addressed, the confederate reunions he has attended, the banquets to which he has been called as an honored guest, the ladies he had taken to call on Mrs. Cleveland; even the dinner of the Reform Club in New York at which, as Mr. Butterworth observed, "Speaker Crisp did not speak."

There was an audience awaiting the second appearance of Colonel Breckinridge on the witness stand to-day whose interest in him and what he would have to say was more intense than that of any audience he had ever faced before. Foremost in it sat the plaintiff and her elderly companion, Mrs. Ellis; back of them, in double rows, the lawyers in the case, and also Desha Breckinridge, the son to whom the defendant had referred in affectionate terms while detailing the members of his family yesterday. Further beyond were two long rown of newspaper men and sketchers, waiting to transfer to paper the different attitudes of the Congressman-witness, and then the ranks of spectators, most of them

No time was lost in sending the witness to the stand, and then Mr. Butterworth handed up the work basket which had belonged to his second wife, and which Miss Pollard said he had given her with affectionate words. He recognized it. "My wife was a Miss Desha, She died in July, 1892," he said. "I last saw the basket in my rooms on H street. I have no recollection when. The statement made by the plaintiff was that when I left Washington, after the session of Congress, I went with her to the train, and that I gave her the basket then with affectionate words. I did not ride with her in the herdic to the depot I did not give her the basket under any circumstances. The voice of Colonel Breckinridge as he made this denial was soft, cool, and meas-

ured as carefully as it had been throughout his testimony the day before. Miss Pollard was sitting very straight in her chair, with her eyes fixed sharply on him, but he directed his replies entirely to his questioner, who sat between Miss Pollard and the jury. Mr. Butterworth then asked: "When did you first learn that the basket was in the possession of the plaintiff "I learned," said the Colonel, "a day or two before the trial that a basket was in her possession. What basket it was I did not know, nor did I have any knowledge

"Have you any knowledge how this basket got into her possession? "I cannot say from personal knowledge how the basket came into her possession, nor did she receive it with any knowledge or consent or connivance on my part."

where the basket was until it was produced

AT THE HOUSE OF SARAH GUESS. Mr. Butterworth then left the question of the basket and directed his questions to the details of the meeting between the witness and Miss Pollard, and the circumstances of the visit to the house of Sarah Guess. "I wish you would give an account, Colonel," said Mr. Butterworth, "of your trip to Lexington on the afternoon of Aug. 2, of which you spoke yesterday, when the plaintiff was in the train.' "I found the plaintiff in the car when got into it," replied the Colonel. "I found the car was crowded. I saw the plaintiff sitting near the door at which I entered I spoke to her, and the conversation resulted in an arrangement by which we were to meet that evening in Lexington. In answer to a further question he stated:

'An arrangement was made that we should meet at the house of Sarah Guess. The arrangement was carried out by going in the street car. "State what took place between you and the plaintiff then, "The statement in a New York newspaper was substantially correct. We knocked at the door several times. When no one responded a little talk took place between the plaintiff and myself as to what to do. One suggestion was that she should go to the door of a friend where she expected to spend the night. Another suggestion was that she should wait a little while, it being Saturday night, and it being the custom to do a little marketing that night. The conclusion was that she should wait and I should go to my home, and if Sarah Gues returned in a reasonable time I would find her there. I had supper with my family that night. There was a torchlight procession and some speeches, but I did not make a speech myself. I walked back to Sarah Guess and found the plaintiff there. There was to be an election next Monday, and there was some feeling on both sides." "Had you made an arrangement to go

to the house of Sarah Guess, as the plain-'None whatever." "Was there any conversation about her schooling and inducements of help held out by you

'None whatever.' "Was there any resistance or protestation on her part against what was done there? "None whatever. We merely carried out the arrangement made on the train. She preferred to remain in the house and avoid any risk or questions which it might be inconvenient to answer. I returned the next night, Sunday, with some uncertainty whether I would find her there, as she had said if she could slip away without risk to the house or her grandfather or uncle she would do so. I found her there, however. She said she had not dared to take the risk of going away by daylight. I remained until about 10 o'clock that night. "Was there any reference to Rhodes?"

Did you see her Monday morning?" A WOMAN OF EXPERIENCE. In answer to other questions the Colonel said that Miss Pollard seemed to be a mature young woman of "experience," and of Barry, in Pike county, about thirty miles

in those two evenings."

"I cannot recall any. Possibly there was